#### **Oracle® Fusion Middleware**

Administering User Communication Preferences 12*c* (12.2.1.3.0) **E87097-01** 

#### August 2017

Documentation for administrators that describes how to administer Oracle User Communication Preferences (Oracle UCP). This includes how to manage communication channels and filters using the UCP UI, how to manage and configure messaging profiles using Oracle Enterprise Manager, and how to integrate UCP with your web application using an ADF task flow library.



Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering User Communication Preferences 12c (12.2.1.3.0)

E87097-01

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# Preface

This document describes how to use User Communication Preferences services in your web applications.

### Audience

This guide is intended for process developers who use User Communication Preferences services to send and receive messages from their applications.

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# **Related Documents**

For more information, see the following documents:

- Release Notes
- Administering Oracle User Messaging Service
- Developing SOA Applications with Oracle SOA Suite
- WLST Command Reference for Infrastructure Components

### Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.

Convention	Meaning
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

1

# **Introducing User Communication Preferences**

This chapter describes the User Communication Preferences (UCP). It describes how to work with communication channels and to create contact preference rules using messaging filters. This chapter also discusses how to manage communication preferences from a web interface by managing channels and filters. It also provides information for system administrators about configuring UCP; and for developers about integrating their applications with UCP.

**Note:** To learn about the architecture and components of Oracle User Messaging Service, see *Administering Oracle User Messaging Service*.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Introduction to User Communication Preferences
- User Communication Preferences Terminology

### 1.1 Introduction to User Communication Preferences

User Communication Preferences allows users who have access to multiple channels to control how, when, and where they receive messages. Users define filters, or delivery preferences, that specify which channel a message should be delivered to, and under what circumstances. Information about a user's channels and filters are stored in any database supported for use with Oracle Fusion Middleware. Since preferences are stored in a database, this information is shared across all instances of UCP in a domain.

UCP does not provide services for message delivery, rather provides user interface and APIs to access and manage a user's channels and delivery preferences. User Messaging Services (UMS) uses UCP services for message delivery. When a message is addressed to a user, UMS acquires the user's delivery preferences from UCP services and sends the message according to the user's preferences. For an application developer, User Communication Preferences provide increased flexibility. By sending messages through UMS, an application is indirectly using UCP service. Applications can also directly access UCP services by calling UCP APIs to access and manage a user's preferences and by integrating with UCP using task flow library to provide web user interface.

## 1.2 User Communication Preferences Terminology

User Communication Preferences defines the following terminology:

- **Channel**: a combination of delivery type and address. For instance, email *bob@example.com* and SMS:650333444 are two channels, where Email and SMS are delivery types and, *bob@example.com* and 6503334444 are the delivery addresses.
- **Channel address**: one of the addresses that a channel can communicate with.
- **Filter**: a message delivery preference rule that controls how, when, and where a user receives messages.
- Business term: a named attribute for messages, such as a subject. The fact for a
  business term can be extracted from messages or supplied by applications and
  used to compare with a specified value in a filter condition to select the filter.
- Fact: actual value for a business term extracted from messages or supplied by applications.
- **Condition**: a combination of a business term, an operator and a specified value. The fact about a message is used to compare against the value to evaluate the *truth* of the condition.
- Action: the action to be taken if the specified conditions in a filter are true, such as *do not send message, send to first available channel,* or *send to all selected channels*.
- **System term**: a pre-defined business term where the fact for the term is automatically supplied by UCP service.

**Note:** User Communication Preferences **Condition** match is not case-sensitive by default. To make it case-sensitive, you must set the JVM system property oracle.ums.userprefs.filter.match-case to true. For more information about this property, refer to *User Messaging Service Java API Reference*.

# **Managing User Communication Preferences**

This chapter describes the User Communication Preferences (UCP). It describes how to work with communication channels and to create contact preference rules using messaging filters. This chapter also discusses how to manage communication preferences from a web interface by managing channels and filters.

**Note:** To learn about the architecture and components of Oracle User Messaging Service, see *Administering Oracle User Messaging Service*.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 2.1, "Managing Communication Channels"
- Section 2.2, "Managing Filters"
- Section 2.3, "Configuring Preference Settings"

## 2.1 Managing Communication Channels

A communication channel defines an address (such as a phone number) and a type (such as a short message service or SMS) for message delivery.

User Communication Preferences (UCP) creates a few channels automatically for a user based on the user profile settings in the Identity Store. These channels, called as IDM channels, can be used for message delivery. A POPUP channel is automatically created if the corresponding driver is deployed. This channel will be not available when the driver is undeployed. The address value for this channel is the user's login ID. Users cannot modify these channels through the UCP web UI.

**Note:** For messaging drivers you cannot specify a channel address with spaces. As the channel address value is the login ID, do not use spaces when you create the login ID for the user.

Alternately, users can create, modify, and delete user-defined channels. These are called USER channels. Any channel that a user creates is associated with that user's system ID. In Oracle User Communication Preferences, channels represent both physical channels, such as mobile phones, and also email client applications running on desktops, and are configurable in the UCP UI.

### 2.1.1 Creating a Channel

To create a USER channel, perform the following tasks:

1. Click the **Create** icon as shown in Figure 2–1, located in the toolbar under Available Channels.

#### Figure 2–1 The Create Icon

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The Create Channel dialog box appears as shown in Figure 2–2.

Figure 2–2 Creating a Channel

Name     Type     Address     Default       MyEmail     EMAIL     email @oracle.com     Image: Common term in the second secon	⊻Available Channels View + 📑 🧪 💥 🙀 ⑧		
MyIM     IM     email@oracle.com       Browser Popup     POPUP     weblogic       Messaging Filters     * Name       View +     * Name       * Name       * Name       * Name       * Name       * Messaging Filter 1       My Messaging Filter 2			
Browser Popup     POPUP     weblogic       Messaging Filters     Create Channel       View +     Image: Create Channel       Name     * Name       My Messaging Filter 1     Image: Create Channel       My Messaging Filter 2     Set as default messaging channel			
Create Channel         Messaging Filters         View + <ul> <li>X Yee</li> <li>Emabled</li> <li>Default _ Set as default messaging channel</li> <li>Image</li> </ul> My Messaging Filter 1       Default _ Set as default messaging channel			 
Messaging Filters     * Name       View +        • Name       Name     * Address       My Messaging Filter 1        Default        Set as default messaging channel	Browser Popup	POPUP	~
My Schedule Messaging Filter	View  View	* Address	<b>v</b>

This graphic illustrates the UCP interface page for creating a channel.

- 2. Enter a name for the channel in the Name field.
- 3. Select the delivery type from the Type drop-down list.
- 4. Enter the address appropriate to the delivery type you selected.
- **5.** Select the **Default** check box if you want to set this channel as a default channel. You can have multiple default channels.
- **6.** Click **OK** to create the channel. The new channel appears in the *Available Channels* section. The *Available Channels* page enables you to modify or delete the channel.

### 2.1.2 Modifying a Channel

To modify a USER channel, select it from the list of Channels in the *Available Channels* section, and click the **Modify** icon as shown in Figure 2–3.

Figure 2–3 The Modify Icon

The Modify Channel page appears as shown in Figure 2–4. This page enables you to change the channel properties described in Section 2.1.1, "Creating a Channel".

View 🗸 📑 🥒 💥 🙀 💿 Name	Туре	Address	Default
🖂 MyEmail	EMAIL	email1@oracle.com	Image: A start of the start
🤿 Myim	IM	email1@oracle.com	
💿 Browser Popup	POPUP	weblogic	<b>a</b>
View - 🔮 🥒 💥 🍸 🔐 Name		e EMAIL 🔽	Enable
			Epable
My Messaging Filter 1	Default	Set as default messaging channel	×
My Messaging Filter 2	_	OK Cancel	~
My Schedule Messaging Filter			×

Figure 2–4 Modifying a Channel

This graphic illustrates the UCP interface page for modifying a channel.

#### 2.1.3 Deleting a Channel

To delete a USER channel, select the channel from the list of channels in the *Available Channels* section, and click the **Delete** icon as shown in Figure 2–5.

Figure 2–5 The Delete Icon

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Certain channels are based on information retrieved from your user profile in the identity store. These are called IDM channels. Users are not allowed to modify or delete such channels through this interface. The only operation that can be performed on such a channel is to make it the default channel. IDM channel addresses are managed through Identity Management System.

**Note:** You must not delete a channel if it is being used in any filter, as this will cause errors. Before deleting the channel, ensure that the channel is released from all filters.

### 2.1.4 Setting a Default Channel

You can configure one or more channels as default channels. You can set a channel as default messaging channel either during channel creation or after channel creation directly from the list of channels.

To set a channel as default, select that channel from the list of channels, and click the **default** icon as shown in Figure 2–6. A checkmark appears next to the selected channel, designating it as a default means of receiving messages. Repeat this procedure to add additional default channels, if required.

#### Figure 2–6 The Default Icon

To remove the default setting of a channel already set as default, select that channel from the list of channels, and click the **Remove** icon shown in Figure 2–7.

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#### Figure 2–7 The Remove Default Icon

**Note:** The Business Email channel that is automatically created from the Identity Store attribute is set as a default channel. You cannot remove the default setting for the Business Email channel.

For more information about configuring LDAP settings, see Configuring User Messaging Service Access to LDAP User Profile in *Administering Oracle User Messaging Service*.

#### 2.1.5 Unsupported Channels

A channel may not be supported when the service for the particular channel delivery type is not available, for instance, when the driver for the delivery type is disabled. An unsupported channel is indicated by a warning exclamation mark icon at the end of the channel name as shown in Figure 2–8. When the service for the delivery type becomes available later, the warning mark will disappear and the channel can be used again.

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2
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2
Enabled
1
E

Figure 2–8 The Unsupported Channel

This graphic illustrates the UCP interface page where an unsupported Voice channel appears with an exclamation icon.

## 2.2 Managing Filters

A filter is composed of two primary sections, condition (or the **If** section) and action (or the **Then** section). For each incoming message, the filters are evaluated to determine the appropriate filter that must be selected for handling the message. The condition section determines the circumstances under which a filter is selected; while the action section specifies how the message is handled if the filter is selected.

ORACL	_E User Comn	nunication	Preferences Home Help Settings	Logout weblogic 🤤
(				
⊻Available	e Channels			
View 🗸	🗳 🖉 💥 🙀 🥑			
Name		Туре	Address	Default
S Browser	Рорир	POPUP	weblogic	<b>V</b>
	1			
⊻Messagir	ng Filters			
View 🗸	🔮 🖉 💥 🍸 🗘	4 🕐		
Name		Description		Enabled
No data to di	isplay			
-				
Copyright © 200	09, 2013, Oracle and/or its a	ffiliates. All rights r	eserved.	

Figure 2–9 Messaging Filters

This graphic illustrates the Available Channels and Messaging Filters sections of the UCP interface page.

#### 2.2.1 Creating a Filter

To create a filter, perform the following tasks:

1. Click the **Create** icon as shown in Figure 2–9, located in the toolbar under Messaging Filters. The Create Filter page appears as shown in the following figure.

OR	ACLE <sup>.</sup> User	Communication	Preferences	Home Help Setting	ıs Logout weblogic 🤤
⊻ Av Vie Nam	* Name: My Me Description: Enabled: 🗹	Zone: Thursday, May 23, essaging Filter 1	2013 7:10:20 AM UTC		
⊻M€ Vie Nam No d	Attribute Operator Operand Operand 2 Without a condition this filter will be selected if no previous filter matched.				
	Then do not send r View	nessage 💌			
	Add channels to this I		~~~		OK Cancel

Figure 2–10 Creating a Filter

This graphic illustrates the UCP interface page to Create Filter page, which is described in the surrounding text.

- 2. Enter a name for the filter in the **Name** field.
- **3.** If needed, enter a description of the filter in the **Description** field.

The checkbox allows you to temporarily enable or disable a filter.

- 4. Select whether messages must meet all of the conditions or any of the conditions by selecting either the match all of the following conditions or match any of the following conditions options.
- 5. Create a filter condition in the If section as follows:
  - **a.** Click the **Create** icon located in the toolbar. The Create Condition dialog box appears.
  - **b.** Select the message's attribute from the **Attribute** drop-down list that lists the available Business terms. Refer to Section 3.1, "Managing Business Terms by using Oracle Enterprise Manager" for a list of these attributes.
  - **c.** Combine the selected attribute with one of the comparison operators from the **Operator** drop-down list.
  - **d.** Enter an appropriate value in the **Operand** field. This is the value that the fact for the selected attribute is used to compare with, using the selected operator.

For instance, if you select the Date attribute, select one of the comparison operators and then select the appropriate date from the date chooser. If you choose a range operation such as *is between*, then two operand fields will appear for entering lower and upper limit values.

- **e.** Click **OK** to add the condition to the table.
- **6.** Repeat the above mentioned steps to add more filter conditions. To delete a filter condition, select the condition from the list of conditions in the table, and click the **Delete** icon as shown in Figure 2–5.
- 7. When a message is addressed to a user, the If section of the user's filters are evaluated against the facts in the message. After a filter is selected in the If section, the **Then** section determines how the message will be handled. The **Then** section consists of an action type and a list of channels. Select one of the following actions:
  - do not send message -- Select this option to block all messages, that meet the filter conditions, from being sent.
  - send to first available channel (Failover in the order) -- Select this option to send messages matching the filter criteria to a preferred channel (set using the up arrow and down arrow) or to the next available channel.
  - send to all selected channels -- Select this option to send messages to every listed channel.
- **8.** If you have selected the action type to send messages, then you must select channels from the drop-down list in the toolbar to add to the action channel list for this filter. After selecting a channel, click **Add** as shown in Figure 2–11. To delete a channel, select the channel from the channel list in the action table and click **Delete** as shown in Figure 2–5.

#### Figure 2–11 The Add Icon

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- **9.** If required, use the up arrow and the down arrow to prioritize channels. If you select **send to first available channel**, then the top-most channel that is available will receive messages meeting the filter criteria.
- **10.** Click **OK** to create the filter, or **Cancel** to discard the filter.

#### 2.2.2 Modifying a Filter

To modify a filter, select the filter from the list of messaging filters, and click **Modify** as shown in Figure 2–3. The Modify Filter page appears. Except the filter name, this page enables you to add or change the filter properties described in Section 2.2.1, "Creating a Filter".

#### 2.2.3 Deleting a Filter

To delete a filter, select the filter from the list of messaging filters, and click **Delete** as shown in Figure 2–5.

#### 2.2.4 Enabling or Disabling a Filter

You can temporarily enable or disable a filter. A filter that is disabled will be skipped during the message processing. You can disable or enable a filter in either of the following ways:

Select the filter from the list of messaging filters. If the selected filter is enabled, the disable filter icon appears in the toolbar as shown in Figure 2–12. Click this icon to disable the filter.

#### Figure 2–12 The Disable Filter Icon

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If the selected filter is disabled, the enable filter icon appears in the toolbar as shown in Figure 2–13. Click this icon to enable the filter.

#### Figure 2–13 The Enable Filter Icon

 You can also enable or disable a filter from the filter creation or modification dialog box.

### 2.2.5 Organizing Filters

You can prioritize the order of the filters in the list by selecting the filter and moving them up or down in the list, using the up or down arrow icons in the toolbar. During message processing, filters are evaluated in the order from top to bottom in the list until a filter matching the condition is found. If a matching filter is not found, the default channel is used for message delivery with the **send to all selected channels** action type.

**Note:** An unsupported channel in a filter will not be used as if there is no such a channel in the filter. See Section 2.1.5, "Unsupported Channels".

## 2.3 Configuring Preference Settings

You can configure your preference settings by accessing the **Settings** tab located in the upper right area of the UCP UI. You can set the following parameters:

- Locale Source: Select From Identity Store or From Your Browser.
- Accessibility Mode: Select Standard or Screen Reader.
- Select the Highlight Text checkbox if you want the text to be displayed in high contrast.
- Select the Larger Text checkbox if you want the text to be displayed in large fonts.
- **Profile Name**: Select a profile from the drop-down list.
- Click Save Your Changes in order to save the changes you made, or click Reset to Default to restore default settings.

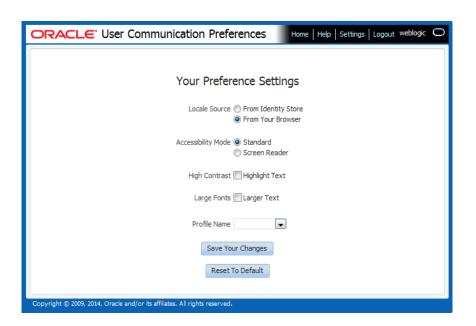


Figure 2–14 Configuring Settings

This graphic illustrates the UCP interface page for configuring settings, which is described in the surrounding text.

# Administering User Communication Preferences

This chapter provides information for system administrators about configuring User Communication Preferences (UCP); and for developers about integrating their applications with UCP. It also provides information about business terms that are used during profile configuration.

You can configure profiles and manage user data using WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST). This chapter discusses the following topics:

- Section 3.1, "Managing Business Terms by using Oracle Enterprise Manager"
- Section 3.2, "Configuring Profiles by using Oracle Enterprise Manager"
- Section 3.3, "Managing User Data using WLST Commands"

# 3.1 Managing Business Terms by using Oracle Enterprise Manager

As mentioned earlier in this document, each filter condition is defined against a Business Term. UCP supports the business terms as listed in the table below. A business term consists of a name, a data type, and an optional description.

Table 3–1 lists the pre-defined business terms supported by User Communication Preferences.

Data Type
String
String
String
String
Date
String
Number (Decimal)

Table 3–1 Pre-defined Business Terms for User Communication Preferences

Business Term	Data Type
Due Date	Date
Process Type	String
Expense Type	String
Total Cost	Number (Decimal)
Processing Time	Number (Decimal)
Order Type	String
Service Request Type	String
Group Name	String
Source	String
Classification	String
Duration	Number (Decimal)
User	String
Role	String
Subject	String
Service Name	String
Process Name	String
System Code	String
Error Code	String
Occurrence Count	Number (Decimal)

 Table 3–1 (Cont.) Pre-defined Business Terms for User Communication Preferences

UCP supports two System terms listed in Table 3–2. System terms are pre-defined business terms. Administrators cannot extend the system terms. System terms are available for defining conditions though they are not managed here. The facts for System terms are automatically obtained based on the current time and user's time zone. Thus, unlike other business terms, during message processing, applications do not need to supply facts for System terms.

System Term	Data Type	Supported Values
Date	Date	Date is accepted as a java.util.Date object or string representing the number of milliseconds.
Time	Time	A 4-digit integer to represent time of the day in HHMM format. First 2-digit is the hour in 24-hour format. Last 2-digit is minutes.

 Table 3–2
 System Terms Supported by User Communication Preferences

### 3.1.1 Adding or Removing Business Terms

Oracle Enterprise Manager enables you to add or remove the business terms used to construct message filters in User Communication Preferences.

To add, modify, or remove business terms, you must open the User Messaging Server home page in Oracle Enterprise Manager and select **Server Properties** from the drop down menu as shown in the following figure.

ORACLE Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control 12c Setup + He		
WebLogic Domain 👻		
WebLogic Domain ▼         View ▼         Application Deployments         WebLogic Domain         WebLogic Domain         Base_domain         AdminServer         Metadata Repositories         User Messaging Service         Susermessagingdriver-email         Susermessagingdriver-extension         Susermessagingdriver-extension         Susermessagingdriver-twitter         Susermessagingdriver-voicexml	the services     System MBean Browser	
▷ (a) usermessagingdriver-xmpp ♥ (b) usermessagingserver	Target Information	
🏭 usermessagingserver (AdminServer)	Getting Started with Managing	

ums\_server\_properties.gif illustrates the Server Properties menu selected from the User Messaging Service drop down list in Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control.

The Server Properties page appears as shown in the following figure. This page lists the existing business terms, and allows the user to add, modify, or remove business terms. All existing business terms are listed in the **Messaging Preference Business Terms** section.

essaging Preference Business Terms eness Terms for Messaging Preference are the administrator-defined terms, which can be used by the ference rule. ew   Mame   Mame	Data Type Number String String	
Name         Description           Amount         Amount           Application         Application_Type           Application Type         Application_Type           Classification         Classification           Customer Name         Customer_Name           Customer Type         Due_Date           Duration         Duration           Error Code         Error Code           Expense Type         Expense_Type	Data Type Number String String	
iness Terms for Messaging Preference are the administrator-defined terms, which can be used by the ference rule.           Name         Image: Constraint of the second	Data Type Number String String	
ness Terms for Messaging Preference are the administrator-defined terms, which can be used by the ference rule.          iew <       Image: Add Content of the second	Data Type Number String String	g
errence rule.         ew < Add / Edit % Remove	Data Type Number String String	y ^
Name         Description           Amount         Amount           Application         Application           Application Type         Application_Type           Classification         Classification           Customer Name         Customer_Name           Customer Type         Due_Date           Duration         Duration           Error Code         Error Code           Expense Type         Expense_Type	Number String String	
Name         Description           Amount         Amount           Application         Application           Application         Application_Type           Classification         Classification           Customer Name         Customer_Name           Customer Type         Due_Date           Duration         Duration           Error Code         Error Code           Expense Type         Expense_Type	Number String String	^
Amount     Amount       Application     Application       Application Type     Application_Type       Classification     Classification       Customer Name     Customer_Name       Customer Type     Customer_Type       Due Date     Due_Date       Duration     Error Code       Error Code     Expense_Type	Number String String	-
Application_Type           Application_Type           Classification           Classification           Customer Name           Customer Type           Customer Type           Due Date           Duration           Error Code           Expense_Type           Expense_Type	String	
Classification     Classification       Customer Name     Customer_Name       Customer Type     Customer_Type       Due Date     Due_Date       Duration     Duration       Error Code     Error Code       Expense Type     Expense_Type		
Classification         Classification           Customer Name         Customer_Name           Customer Type         Customer_Type           Due Date         Due_Date           Duration         Duration           Error Code         Error Code           Expense Type         Expense_Type	-	
Customer Type         Customer_Type           Due Date         Due_Date           Duration         Duration           Error Code         Error Code           Expense Type         Expense_Type	String	_
Due_Date         Due_Date           Duration         Duration           Error Code         Error Code           Expense Type         Expense_Type	String	
Error Code Error Code Expense Type Expense_Type	String	
Error Code Error Code Expense Type Expense_Type	Date	
Expense Type Expense_Type	Number	
	String	
	String	
Expiration Date Expiration_Date	Date	
From From	String	
Group_Name Group_Name	String	
Occurrence Count Occurrence Count	Number	
Order Type Order Type	String	-

This graphic illustrates the Server Properties interface that lists business terms allowing users to add, modify or remove business terms in Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control.

#### 3.1.1.1 Adding Business Terms

To add a business term to User Communication Preferences, perform the following tasks:

1. On the Server Properties page, click **Add** in the Messaging Preference Business Terms section. The Add Business Term page appears as shown in the following figure.

the sermessagingserver ③     Liser Messaging Service ▼		Logged in as weblogic 🗐 add00kuus.orade.com Page Refreshed May 13, 2014 4:26:27 AM PDT 🖒
Server Properties		Apply Revert
Configure business terms for mes	sage filter creation and messaging preference	profiles.
Messaging Preference I	Business Terms	
Business Terms f preference rule. View	forme u	which can be used by the end user to specify a filter for a messaging
* Name		
Name Description		Data Type
Amount		Number
A 10 10 T		String String
Classification	Properties	String
Customer Na		String
Customer Tv	OK Cancel	String
Due Date	Due Date	Date
Duration	Duration	Number
Error Code	Error Code	String
Expense Type	Expense Type	String
Expiration Date	Expiration Date	Date
From	From	String
Group Name	Group_Name	String
Occurrence Count	Occurrence Count	Number
Order Type	OrderType	String
Messaging Preference I	Profiles	

This graphic illustrates the Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control interface page for adding business terms. This UI indicates the Name, Description, and Data Type fields to be populated by the users.

- 2. Enter a descriptive name for the business term.
- **3.** Select a data type (string, decimal, or date).
- 4. Click OK. This will add a business term to User Communication Preferences.

#### 3.1.1.2 Modifying a Business Term

To modify an existing business term, select the business term from the list and click **Edit**. After modifying the details, click **OK** to confirm.

#### 3.1.1.3 Removing Business Terms

To remove a business term in User Communication Preferences, perform the following tasks:

- 1. Select the business term from the list.
- 2. Click Remove.
- 3. Click OK in the confirmation screen to remove the selected business term.

**Note:** You must not remove a business term if it is being used in any filter, as this will cause errors.

## 3.2 Configuring Profiles by using Oracle Enterprise Manager

Multiple applications may consume a single instance of UCP services. However, not all applications might consume the same set of UCP features. To meet various requirements of different applications, UCP features are virtualized into profiles. This enables each application to target a specific profile that contains a subset of UCP features.

Each profile is identified by a profile ID. Oracle UCP service provides APIs for a client application to target to a profile, by specifying a profile ID. After upgrading, legacy applications consuming old UCP APIs, without profile ID, will target to a default profile sharing with other applications that targets to the default profile. It is recommended to migrate legacy applications to use latest APIs so that each application can target to a specific profile without sharing with other applications. For more information about UCP API, refer to *User Messaging Service Java API Reference*.

You can manage messaging preferences profiles using Oracle Enterprise Manager. This interface lists the existing configured profiles, and allows the user to add, modify, or remove profiles. To configure preference profiles, perform the following tasks:

1. Open the User Messaging Server home page in Oracle Enterprise Manager and select **Server Properties** from the drop down menu.

The Server Properties page appears as shown in the following figure. All existing profiles are listed in the **Messaging Preference Profiles** section.

* usermessagingserver 🔞 ji User Messaging Service 👻				Logged in as weblogic 🗍 🔤 Page Refreshed May 23, 2013 7:18:14 AM PDT	
Server F	roperties		Apply	Revert	
Configure l	• business terms for messao	ge filter creation and messa	iging preference profiles.		
-	ing Preference Bu				
Messag Profile incl	and/or voice call filters, ch	s Terms and other configur oices of locale source from	ations, namely availability of user defined and/or IDM managed channels, browser or identity store. An application that consumes Messaging Prefere		
Messag Profile incl essaging a an configur View +	ludes a sub set of Busines and/or voice call filters, ch re its service settings to u Add / Edit	s Terms and other configur oices of locale source from se a specific Profile identifie Remove	browser or identity store. An application that consumes Messaging Preference and by the Profile ID.	ence services	
Messag Profile incl essaging a an configur View + ID	ludes a sub set of Busines and/or voice call filters, ch re its service settings to u A Add / Edit	s Terms and other configur oices of locale source from se a specific Profile identifie & Remove Name	browser or identity store. An application that consumes Messaging Preference of the Profile ID.		
Messag Profile incl essaging a an configur View +	ludes a sub set of Busines and/or voice call filters, ch re its service settings to u A Ad Ø Edit	s Terms and other configur oices of locale source from se a specific Profile identifie Remove	browser or identity store. An application that consumes Messaging Preference and by the Profile ID.	ence services	
Messag Profile incl iessaging a an configur View + ID applcore	ludes a sub set of Busines and/or voice call filters, ch re its service settings to u A Ad Ø Edit	s Terms and other configur oices of locale source from se a specific Profile identifie § Remove Name ApplCore	browser or identity store. An application that consumes Messaging Preference of the Profile ID.	Default	

ums\_pref\_profiles.gif displays all existing profiles in the Messaging Preference Profiles section of the Server Properties page in Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control.

**2.** To add a new profile, click the **Add** icon in the **Messaging Preference Profiles** section. A dialog box appears as shown in the following figure. You must specify the configuration details to add a new profile.

* Profile ID * Profile Name [ Description [ * Locale Source [ IDM Channel [ User Channel [ Available Business	TestProf Locale fi Availa	rom Clier	nt Browser		
Description   * Locale Source   IDM Channel   User Channel	Locale fi Availa	rom Clier	nt Browser	_	
* Locale Source IDM Channel	🗸 Availa		nt Browser	_	
IDM Channel User Channel	🗸 Availa		nt Browser		
User Channel	_	Later - C		×	
		idility of	IDM chann	el?	
Available Business	🖌 Availa	bility of	user define	ed char	nnel?
	Terms		Selected	Busin	ess Tern
Priority	~		From		
Application		~	То		
Application Type		4	Subject		
Expiration Date		8			
Organization	_	~			
Customer Name					
Customer Type		<			
Status					
Amount		33			
Due Date					
Process Type	×				

Click **OK** to save the new profile.

ums\_add\_profile.gif displays the Add Profile dialog box with the configuration details for a new profile in Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control.

You can define the profile features by selecting a **Locale Source**, availability of **IDM** and/or **User Channels** and a subset of Business Terms. UCP renders the web user interface based on the locale from three different locale sources, namely Client Browser, Identity Store and System Default. The Locale Source field provides a choice from two sources - Locale from Client Browser and, Locale from Identity Store. This determines the locale lookup sequence for the UI rendering. If Locale from Client Browser, (2) Locale from Identity Store and (3) System Default Locale. Otherwise, the sequence will be (1) Locale from Identity Store, the sequence will be (1) Locale from Client Browser and (3) System Default Locale. In each sequence, UCP renders the UI using the first supported locale.

In the above figure, the check box for User Channel defines the availability of user defined channels for that particular profile. If the check box is selected, then the users are allowed to create User Channels from the UCP web user interface. The check box for IDM Channel determines the availability of auto-synced channels from Identity Store. Channels are the properties of users. These check boxes determine the visibility of channels for each profile.

Each Profile encapsulates a subset of Business Terms listed under Selected Business Terms as shown in the above figure. In this example, only three terms -**From**, **To**, and **Subject**, are selected. To add more terms, select them from the **Available Business Terms** list on the left and click the right arrow (>) to move them to the Selected Business Terms list. Only selected Business Terms are available for users to define conditions for filters in a particular profile. This means that, on defining filter conditions only the selected Business Terms will be seen in the Attribute drop-down list in UCP web user interface.

**3.** To modify an existing profile, click the **Edit** icon in the Messaging Preference Profiles section. A dialog box appears as shown in the following figure. You must specify the configuration details to edit the profile.

Click **OK** to save the profile.

Edit Profile		
Profile ID	soa	
* Profile Name	SOA	
Description	This profile should be used for S	OA
* Locale Source	Locale from Identity Store 💌	
IDM Channel	Availability of IDM channel?	
User Channel	Availability of user defined ch	annel?
Available Business	Terms Selected Busi	iness Terms
	Priority Application Application Typ Expiration Date From To Subject Organization Customer Type Statue	e 🔜
	0	Cancel

ums\_edit\_profile.gif displays the Edit Profile dialog box where you can edit the profile configuration in Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control.

- **4.** To remove the messaging preference profile, select the profile from the list of profiles and click **Remove**.
- **5.** Click **Apply** to apply changes in the User Messaging Server instance. Restart the server for the changes to take effect.

### 3.3 Managing User Data using WLST Commands

UCP provides a command line scripting tool, Oracle WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST), for downloading user preferences data from the UCP repository to the specified XML file, for uploading user preferences data from an XML file into the UCP repository, or for deleting user preferences from the UCP repository.

For information about how to use WLST for uploading or downloading user preferences data, see "manageUserCommunicationPrefs" in *Oracle Fusion Middleware Core Components WLST Command Reference*. For information about how to get started with WLST, refer to section Getting Started Using the Oracle WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST) in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administering Oracle Fusion Middleware*.

# Integrating User Communication Preferences with your Web Application

This chapter describes how to implement the web user interface using an ADF task flow library and targeting a specific profile. The ADF task flow library makes it easy to integrate the web interface with a new application or an existing application.

For more information about ADF task flows, refer to Creating ADF Task Flows in *Developing Fusion Web Applications with Oracle Application Development Framework*. To provide the UCP web user interface in your application, perform the tasks described in this chapter.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Introduction to UCP Web User Interface
- Integrating ADF Web Application with UCP
- Deploying Your Application
- Verifying Your Application

### 4.1 Introduction to UCP Web User Interface

With UCP services, an end user can manage his communication preferences from a web interface by managing his channels and filters. To ensure that the end users are provided control over their communication preferences, the application developers must ensure the integration of UCP web user interface to their application. UCP provides an ADF task flow library which makes it easy to add a region in your web application so that end users can access their preferences directly from your application.

## 4.2 Integrating ADF Web Application with UCP

This section describes how to create an ADF web application, and how to add a page or a region to an existing web application using the ADF task flow library in Oracle JDeveloper.

### 4.2.1 Creating a New ADF Application

You can integrate UCP UI with a new application or an existing application. The following instruction describes how to add the UCP UI in a new application through Oracle Jdeveloper. You can add the UI in an existing application by adding a region in an existing page or a new page in the application similarly. To create a new ADF web application in Oracle Jdeveloper, perform the following tasks:

- **1.** Open the **Oracle JDeveloper 12c** wizard. Select **New Application** from the Application Navigator on the left pane. A New Gallery window appears.
- **2.** In the New Gallery window, select **ADF Fusion Web Application** from the list of items, and click **OK**. The **Create ADF Fusion Web Application** window appears as shown in the following figure.

Oracle JDeveloper 12c - MyApp.jws : ViewController.jpr : Start Page	_ <b>- ×</b>
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>Application</u> Refa <u>c</u> tor <u>S</u> earch <u>N</u> avigate <u>B</u> uild <u>R</u> un Tea <u>m</u> <u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp	
🔮 - 🔁 📕 🗊 🕫 🕲 - 🔕 - 🔕 - 🏯 🎄 🎎 🚢 🕨 - 🙀 - 📿 - Q Search	
Create ADF Fusion Web Application - Step 1 of 6	×
Applications	. 🔛
MyApp Name your application	
≓ Pr 💽 🔞	
Model Application Name:	
ViewController MyApp	
Directory:	
META-IN      V Project 1 Java Settings     //home/rekkamat/jdeveloper/mywork/MyApp     Browse     Browse	
Web Content	
Chance Project 2 Java Settings Oracle.ucp	eatured Doc
Application Build Tool	Developing A
± Data Contro	veveloping A
± Recent Files	Developing Fu
	ADF
Start Page - St	
	Developing W
	× 🖃
	1 A
No St	nstead
<u>H</u> elp < <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > <u>F</u> inish Cancel	
Messages Extensions ×	

ucp\_create\_app.gif illustrates the first step of the Create ADF Fusion Web Application wizard in Oracle JDeveloper.

**3.** In this window, enter an application name, for example, *MyApp*. Also, enter the application package prefix, for example, *oracle.ucp*. Click **Finish** to create a new ADF application.

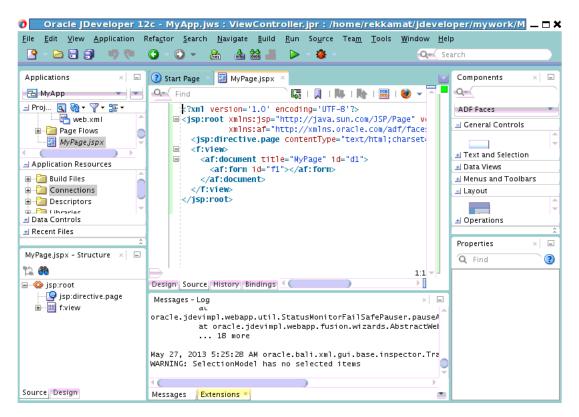
### 4.2.2 Creating an ADF Web Page

The bounded task flow in the UCP library can be added in any region to provide seamless integration to your application. In this section, we will create a demo ADF web page to host a region for the UCP task flow. To create a new ADF web page, perform the following tasks:

- 1. In the left window pane, right-click ViewController to display the context menu.
- 2. In the ViewController context menu, from the New menu, select Page. The Create JSF Page window appears as shown in the following figure.

	Oracle JDeveloper 12c - MyApp.jws : ViewController.jpr	
	Create JSF Page	>
Enter the name	and directory, and choose a type for the JSF Page. It can be implemented as a Facelets or JSP XML document.	٩
ile Name:	MyPage.jspx	
Directory:	/home/rekkamat/jdeveloper/mywork/MyApp/ViewController/public_html	9
Document Typ	e: O Fa <u>c</u> elets le ISP XML	
Page Lavout	Managed Bean	
<ul> <li>Create Black</li> </ul>		
	Reference an ADF Page Template to inherit page	
	content from a shared template (changes to the	
	template are reflected in all referencing pages), or copy	
	the components from a Quick Start Layout into your	
	fragment to get started with your own layout.	
	hagment to get started with your own layout.	
Help	ОК	Cancel
<u></u>		
	ucp_create_page.gif illustrates the Create JSF Page that displays a File	Name an
		i vanie al
	Document Type in Oracle JDeveloper.	
	***************************************	*****

- **3.** In this wizard, enter the file name, for example, *MyPage.jspx*. From the Document Type menu, select **JSP XML**.
- **4.** From the Page Layout menu, select **Create Blank Page**. Click **OK**. The new MyPage.jspx is created.
- 5. Open the newly created page by double-clicking MyPage.jspx under the ViewController node in the navigation pane. In the MyPage.jspx window, select Source from toolbar at the bottom to view the source code of the page as shown in the following figure.



This graphic illustrates source code of the newly create page MyPage.jspx in Oracle JDeveloper.

#### 

### 4.2.3 Connecting UCP Task Flow Library

If you have deployed UMS to Oracle WebLogic Server, then the UCP task flow library is already deployed to the server. However, the UCP task flow library may not be accessible from your JDeveloper instance. Therefore, it is important to connect the task flow library to you application. You must first create a file system connection from your JDeveloper instance to the library. To achieve this, perform the following steps:

- 1. Click the **Window** tab located in the toolbar on the top pane to display a drop-down list. From the list, select **Resources** to add the Resources tab to the right pane of the Jdeveloper window.
- **2.** Under the Resources tab, click the folder icon to display a drop-down list. In the list, navigate to **IDE Connections**, and select **File System**. The Create File System Connection wizard appears as shown in the following figure.

0	Oracle JDeveloper 12c - MyApp.jws : ViewController.jpr	
<u>File Edit View Application</u>	Refa <u>c</u> tor <u>S</u> earch <u>N</u> avigate <u>B</u> uild <u>R</u> un Tea <u>m T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp	
🕑 - 🔁 📕 🗊 🛛 🤊 🔍	🖸 🗘 🗸 💩 🎂 🚢 🕨 – 👋 – 🛛 🗛 🗠	earch
Applications ×		Compo Reso.
	<u>B</u> rowse	
MyPage.jspx - Structure 🛛 🛛	Test Connection Status:	
→ ◆ jsp:root jsp:directive.page → ➡ f:view		
	Help OK Cancel	
		Properties
		Q Find
Source Design	Messages Extensions × Feedback ×	-

This graphic illustrates the Create File System Connection wizard in Oracle JDeveloper.

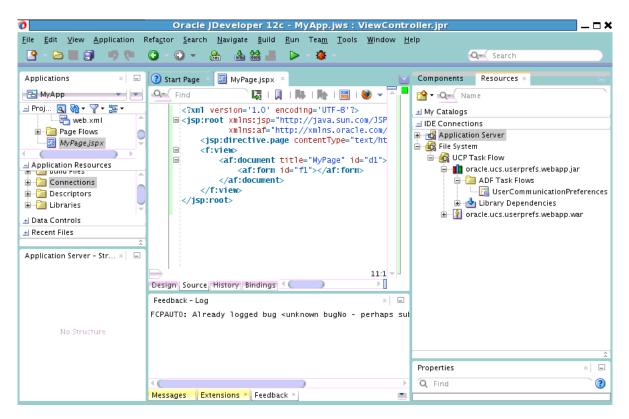
- 3. Enter the connection name, for example, UCP Task Flow.
- 4. Click **Browse** to select the folder that contains the UCP task flow library. This folder is located in the oracle\_common directory and the path would look like the following:

oracle\_common/communications/modules/oracle.ucs.userprefs.webapp\_x.x

where x.x is the version number, for example, 2.0.

Navigate to this folder and click Select.

**5.** Click **Ok**. The File System Connection is created. To verify, expand the **File System** navigation tree in the right pane. On expanding the **ADF Task Flows** folder, you will see UserCommunicationPreferences as shown in the following figure.



This graphic shows the UserCommunicationPreferences.

### 4.2.4 Adding a Region in the New Page

With the support of an ADF task flow library, you can add a region in your web application so that the end users can access their preference directly from your application. To achieve this, perform the following tasks:

- 1. Click the **Source** tab of the newly created page, *MyPage.jspx*.
- 2. From the File System navigation tree in the right pane, drag the UserCommunicationPreferences task flow and drop it inside the <af:form> </af:form> tag in the page source to create a region in this tag.

A context menu appears as shown in the following figure.

0	Oracle JDeveloper 12c - MyApp.jws : ViewController.jpr	<b>X</b>
<u>File Edit View Application F</u>	Refa <u>c</u> tor <u>S</u> earch <u>N</u> avigate <u>B</u> uild <u>R</u> un Tea <u>m</u> <u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp	
🕑 - 🗁 🔳 🗊 👘 🖤	⊙ - ⊙ - Ѧ Ѧ Ѩ ≛ ⊳ - 狼	Search
Applications × 🗉	🕐 Start Page 🗵 🔢 MyPage.jspx 🗵	Compon Resou × 🗉
🔁 MyApp 🗾 💌	🕰 🖌 Find 🛛 🐺 I 💭 I 🐘 I 📰 I 💓 👻 🦰 🧧	😭 🕶 🔍 🛒 Nam e
🖃 Proj 💽 🍓 🕶 🍸 🕶 🖘	xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?	± My Catalogs
💾 web.xml 🔶	<pre> [] <jsp:root ]<="" pre="" vers="" xmlns:jsp="http://java.sun.com/JSP/Page"></jsp:root></pre>	- IDE Connections
🗈 🤷 Page Flows 📃	<pre>xmlns:af="http://xmlns.oracle.com/adf/faces/r <jsp:directive.page contenttype="text/html;charset=&lt;/pre&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;🕀 🛃 Application Server&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;MvPage.ispx&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;pre&gt;&lt;f:view&gt;&lt;/pre&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;🖮 🙀 File System&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;- Application Resources&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;pre&gt;af:document title=" id="d1" mypage"=""></jsp:directive.page></pre>	🖻 🙀 UCP Task Flow
Connections	<af:form id="f1"></af:form>	in oracle.ucs.userpr
Descriptors	Create Region	ADF Task Flov
E Calibraries		🗄 🔂 Library Depen
± Data Controls		⊕ 👔 oracle.ucs.userpr
± Recent Files	Cancel	<u> </u>
\$		
UserCommunicationPr × 🖃		
	jsp:root - f:view - af:document#d1 - 11:1 -	
	Design Source History Bindings	
	Feedback - Log ×	
	FCPAUT0: Already logged bug <unknown -="" bugno="" car<="" perhaps="" submit="" td="" was=""><td></td></unknown>	
No Structure		
No structure		
		*
		Properties 🛛 🖂
	() >>	Q Find
	Messages Extensions × Feedback ×	

Context menu as described in surrounding text.

#### 

- 3. Select Region from the context menu. A confirmation window appears.
- 4. Click Add Library. The Edit Task Flow Binding wizard appears.
- **5.** In the Input Parameters table, enter a value for profield, for example, *soa*. The value for the Profile ID determines that the created user interface accesses only user filters and channels in this profile. This should be the same profile that your application is targeting. Click **OK**. A region has been added to the page.

If you have an existing ADF web application that you want to integrate with UCP by including a user preference page, then you can add a region to your existing or new ADF page, in the same manner as mentioned in this section.

#### 4.2.5 Referencing UCP Libraries

Since UMS and UCP task flow libraries are deployed on Oracle WebLogic Server, you do not need these libraries in your application. You must reference these libraries from the weblogic.xml file. To achieve this, perform the following tasks:

- 1. Right-click the **ViewController** node located in the navigation pane. A context menu appears.
- **2.** From the context menu, select **New**, and click **From Gallery**. The New Gallery wizard appears.
- **3.** In the navigation pane, expand the **General** node and select **Deployment Descriptors**. From the list of items on the right pane, select **Weblogic Deployment Descriptor**. Click **OK**. See the following figure.

0 Oracle JDev	eloper 12c - MyApp.jws : ViewController.jpr
<u>File Edit View Application Refactor Search</u>	<u>N</u> avigate <u>B</u> uild <u>R</u> un Tea <u>m</u> <u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp
	New Gallery
Applications Q	50
Categories:	Items: Show All Descriptions
🖃 Proj 💽 📄 General	Coherence Deployment Descriptor
H G Mode	15
View     Monopolications	💾 Java EE Deployment Descriptor
Connections	🖷 Java Web Start (JNLP) Files
Applicatio     Deployment Descriptors     Deployment Profiles	Is I
Conn     Diagrams	
🗈 📲 Descr 🛛 🗤 Java	Cracle Deployment Descriptor
🗄 🔚 Libra 🦳 Maven	💾 taglib.tld (JSP Tag Library Descriptor)
± Data Contr Projects	taglib.xml (Facelets Tag Library Descriptor)
Hecent File	
ViewControl Business Tier	🖶 WebLogic Deployment Descriptor
ADF Business Components	Launches the Create WebLogic Deployment Descriptor wizard, in which you
Contexts and Dependency Inje	select the specific WebLogic descriptor type and version you wish to create.
Data Controls	
EjB	
Security TopLink/JPA	
No Web Services	<b>v</b>
Help	OK Cancel
Messages Exte	nsions × Feedback ×
Linessages Exte	

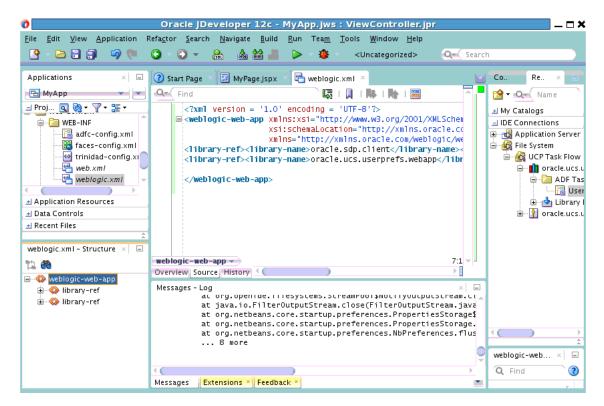
Deployment Descriptors, described in surrounding text.

#### 

The Create WebLogic Deployment Descriptor wizard appears.

- **4.** From the list of deployment descriptors, select **weblogic.xml**, and click **Next**. In the next screen, select **12.1.1** or the newer version as the deployment descriptor version, and click **Next**. In the Summary page, click **Finish**
- Open the newly created file by double-clicking weblogic.xml under the ViewController node in the navigation pane. In the weblogic.xml window, select Source from toolbar at the bottom to view the source code of the page.
- **6.** In the weblogic.xml file, you will reference two libraries, that is, the UMS library (oracle.sdp.client) and the UCP library (oracle.ucs.userprefs.webapp). Add the following library references as shown in the following figure:

library-ref><library-name>oracle.sdp.client</library-name></library-ref><library-ref><library-name>oracle.ucs.userprefs.webapp</library-name></library-ref></library-name></library-ref></library-name></library-ref></library-name></library-ref></library-name></library-ref></library-name></library-ref></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-ref></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></library-name></l



ucp\_library\_prefs.gif displays the weblogic.xml file with the added UMS library references in Oracle JDeveloper.

### 4.2.6 Managing Project Deployment Profile

Since you have already referenced the two libraries in the weblogic.xml file, you do not need to package these libraries in your application. This can be managed through the project deployment profile. To achieve this, perform the following tasks:

- **1.** You must first create a project deployment profile. Right-click the **ViewController** node from the navigation pane. A context menu appears.
- **2.** From the context menu, click **Deploy**, and select **New Deployment Profile**. The Create Deployment Profile wizard appears.
- 3. From the Profile Type drop-down list, select WAR File, and click OK.

The project deployment profile has been created. You must, now, ensure that the libraries are not packaged in your application.

**4.** Under the General tab, select the **Specify Java EE Web Context Root** option, and enter your application context root, for example, *myapp* as shown in the following figure.

0	Ora	cle JDeve	loper 12c - MyApp.jws : ViewController.jpr	×
-	Ceneral     WAR Options     WaR Options     File Groups     Contributors     Filters     WEB-INF/classes     Contributors     Filters     WEB-INF/lib     Contributors     Filters     Library Dependencies     Profile Dependencies     Platform		WAR Deployment Profile Properties         General         WAR File:         !:r/mywork/MyApp/ViewController/deploy/webapp1.war         Deployment Plan:         Deployment Plan:         Use Project's Java EE Web Context Root         ViewController         • Specify Java EE Web Context Root:         myapp         Deployment Client Maximum Heap Size (in Megabytes):	
	<u>N</u> ew Dele <u>t</u> e		OK Cancel	
	Messag	es <mark>Extens</mark>	sions * Feedback *	8

ucp\_deploy\_profile.gif displays the General tab with the Specify Java EE Web Context Root option selected, where you enter the application name in Oracle JDeveloper.

**5.** From the navigation tree, select **Filters** listed under WEB-INF/lib. Deselect all the . jar files listed in the right pane as shown in the following figure. Click **OK** to save changes to your deployment profile.

This ensures that the libraries are not packaged in your application, as you have already referenced the important libraries in the weblogic.xml file in the previous section.

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	9	- 🔁	0			E	dit WA	\R De	oloyme	ent Pr	ofile P	roperti	ies		×		
	Appl	ication MyApp j Q del ewCont Appli ta Cont Contro		Filters	classes ibutors ib ibutors idencies			Filter Files	Pattern	ged Con bundlere com.bea oracle.ue org.apac	solver.ja .core.ap: cs.userp he.comr	ar ache.com refs.weba nons.bear	iroup's Contri mons.collectic pp.jar nutils_1.6.jar ing_1.0.4.jar			e × Name gs ctions cation Server stem P Task Flow oracle.ucs.	L S
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				<u>H</u> elp									ОК	Ca	ncel	2	
					Messag	es Exte	nsions	× Feed	back ×							_	1

ucp\_filters.gif displays the Filters tab under the WEB-INF/lib node in Oracle JDeveloper.

### 4.2.7 Creating Application Deployment Profile

To create a new application deployment profile, perform the following tasks:

 From the Applications drop-down list in the left pane, select Deploy and click New Deployment Profile from the context menu.

The Create Deployment Profile wizard appears.

**2.** From the Profile Type drop-down list, select **EAR File**, and enter a name for your application deployment profile, for example, *MyApp*.

Click **OK** to create the application deployment profile. The Edit EAR Deployment Profile Properties wizard appears.

- **3.** From the navigation tree, select **Application Assembly**.
- **4.** In the right pane, expand the **ViewController.jpr** node and select **webapp1**. to include it in the application as shown in the following figure.

0	Oracle JD	eveloper 12c - MyApp.jws : ViewController.jpr	×
<u>F</u> ile	👌 Edit	EAR Deployment Profile Properties	×
Eile App Pri Mi	Ceneral Ceneral Carlo Contributors Contributors File Croups Contributors Filters Application Libraries	Application Assembly Select the Java EE modules that you would like to assemble into your Java EE application. Java EE Modules:	Re × Re × Name Catalogs Connections Application Server File System GUCP Task Flow
◀ ( 土 Ap 土 Da 土 Re MyA	Contributors Filters Library Dependencies Platform	L-V vebapp1	G I oracle.ucs.u G ADF Tas G S I User G
		Path in EAR:	
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	<u>H</u> elp	OK Cancel	erties ×
	Messages E	xtensions × Feedback ×	Q Find

ucp\_app\_profile.gif displays the Application Assembly page with the ViewController.jpr node expanded and the application selected in Oracle JDeveloper.

5. In the toolbar, click Save All to save your application.

### 4.3 Deploying Your Application

You must, now, deploy your application to the WebLogic application server. If your application server has not been configured already, then you must first configure your application server connection.

### 4.3.1 Deploy Application

To deploy your application, perform the following tasks:

- 1. From the **Applications** drop-down list, select **Deploy** and click **MyApp** from the context menu. The Deploy MyApp wizard appears.
- **2.** In the Deployment Action screen, select **Deploy to Application Server** and click **Next**.
- **3.** In the Select Server screen, select the server from the list of Application servers, and click **Finish** to deploy your application.

If the server is not in the list of application servers, then follow instructions in Section 4.3.2, "Configuring Application Server Connection" to configure your server connection.

### 4.3.2 Configuring Application Server Connection

If you have not configured your application server connection, then you must first configure it by performing the following tasks:

- **1.** From the **Applications** drop-down list, select **Deploy** and click **MyApp** from the context menu. The Deploy MyApp wizard appears.
- 2. In the Deployment Action screen, select **Deploy to Application Server** and click **Next**.
- 3. In the Select Server screen, click the plus icon located at the top right corner.

The Create Application Server Connection wizard appears.

- **4.** In the **Connection Name** field, enter your server connection name, for example, *MyServer*. Click **Next**.
- 5. In the Authentication screen, enter your application server's admin Username and Password. Click Next.
- **6.** In the Configuration screen, specify the host name, port numbers and, domain name as shown in the following figure.

Click Next.

0	Oracle	JDeveloper 12c - MyApp.jws : ViewController.jpr	×
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew	<u>Application</u> Refa <u>c</u> tor <u>S</u> e	arch <u>N</u> avigate <u>B</u> uild <u>R</u> un Tea <u>m</u> <u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp	
- 🕒 - 🖻 🔳 👔		eate Application Server Connection - Step 3 of 5	-
Applications B MyApp Proj Q & ++	Configuration		Re × ■ Name
Model ViewController	Authentication	WebLogic Server connections use a host name and port to establish a connection. The Domain of the target will be verified WebLogic Hostname (Administration Server):	latalogs Connections Application Server File System
e	Y Test V Finish	Iocalhost         SSL Port:           20rt:         7001         7002           Always use SSL         2001         2002	CP Task Flow C Task Flow C Task C T
		WebLogic Domain:	⊞∰ oracle.ucs.u
. ★ Recent Files		base_domain	
MyApp.jws – Stru			
No Stru			
	Help	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > <u>E</u> inish Cancel	ties × 🖃
	Messages	Extensions × Feedback × Deployment ×	ind î?

ucp\_configuring\_server.gif displays the Configuration screen of the Create Application Server Connection wizard in Oracle JDeveloper.

**7.** On the Test screen, verify your connection by clicking **Test Connection**. If the test is successful, then click **Finish**. You should be able to see your application server in the list of application servers as shown in the following figure.

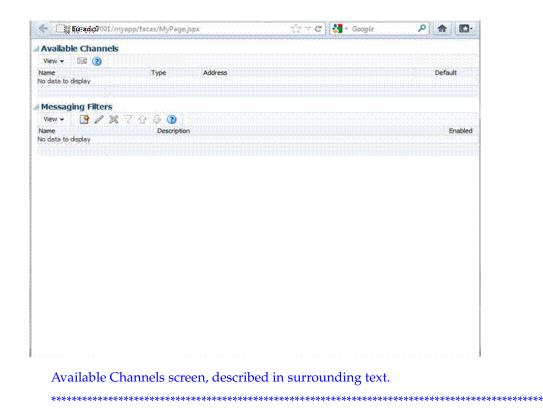
👌 🗌 Oracl	e JDeveloper	12c - My	App.jw	s : View	Contro	ler.jpr:	/home/	rekkar	nat/jde	veloper	/myw	/ork/l _ 🗆 🗙
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u>	iew <u>A</u> pplication	Refa <u>c</u> tor	<u>S</u> earch	<u>N</u> avigate	<u>B</u> uild <u>F</u>	un So <u>u</u> rc	e Tea <u>m</u>	<u>T</u> ools	<u>W</u> indow	<u>H</u> elp		
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ucp\_configure\_appserver.gif displays the Select Server screen of the Deploy application wizard in Oracle JDeveloper.

**8.** To deploy your application to the newly configured application server, select the server from the list and click **Finish**. You will receive a confirmation for the successful deployment of your application.

# 4.4 Verifying Your Application

To verify your application, open a browser and point the URL to your newly created page, for example, *http://localhost:7001/myapp/faces/MyPage.jspx*. You should see your communication preference web interface as shown in the following figure.



**Note:** When you access your application for the first time on your browser, you might see a blank page. This is expected behavior if your application does not include authentication. For the simplicity of this demo, we have not included authentication. But it is recommended that you protect your web application with proper authentication.

To test your demo application without authentication, you can try the following workaround. If there is another Oracle SSO protected web application, you can first log in to that application, and then access your application from the same browser. As a result, you will see the channels and filters of the authenticated user, instead of seeing a blank page.

# Using User Communication Preferences Java API

This chapter describes how to consume the User Communication Preferences (UCP) services in your application by using the UCP Java APIs.

For more information about APIs and interfaces for UCP services, refer to *User Messaging Service Java API Reference*.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Introduction to UCP Java API
- Obtaining Delivery Preferences
- Managing Channels
- Managing Filters

### 5.1 Introduction to UCP Java API

User Communication Preferences (UCP) services can be consumed directly or indirectly from your application. To consume UCP services indirectly, you must call UMS API by sending messages addressed to USERs. UMS will use UCP services to find the best channels according to the users' preferences for message delivery. For more information, see *Oracle® Fusion Middleware Developing Applications with Oracle User Messaging Service*. When using UMS API, by default, your application is targeting the default UCP profile. To target a specific profile, you must use oracle.sdp.messaging MessageInfo.setProfileId(String profileId) to set the profile when sending a message to a user.

If you want to consume UCP services directly, then you must call UCP Java API. For instance, if you want to control the message format depending on the delivery type of the channel that a user prefers, then you are required to consume the UCP services directly. Or for instance, if you want to build a new application to send messages to the users of your application on certain events, then you can programmatically create a default email channel for each user using the UCP API to ensure that each user receives the message initially upon the deployment of your application. A user may change his preferences later if he does not want the email as his default channel.

UCP Java APIs provide program interface for implementing applications to consume UCP services. UCP also provides Java APIs for managing channels and filters. The Java interface, oracle.ucs.userprefs.UserCommunicationPreference is the primary interface for clients to access UCP services. The oracle.ucs.userprefs package contains the User Communication Preferences API classes. For more information, refer to *User Messaging Service Java API Reference*. This is the root interface for managing user's preference objects such as addresses, filtersets, etc. For more information about APIs and interfaces for UCP services, refer to *User Messaging Service Java API Reference*.

### 5.2 Obtaining Delivery Preferences

A user's delivery preferences can be obtained by invoking the Java method getDeliveryPreference(String guid, String profileID, Map>String,Object> facts), where guid is case-sensitive. The profileID parameter, introduced in 12c, is used to target user preferences for a specific profile. It is recommended that each application targets a specific profile. There is a default profile ID that can be acquired by applications by calling the getDefaultProfileId method. For applications that invoke the 11g APIs (without a Profile ID), the default profile is automatically used. Finally, applications calling this API must provide all the necessary facts so that UCP can select a matched filter in the target profile. The facts are in a *Map<String,Object>* of name/value pair where the name is the business term and the key in the map. For more information about using this API, refer to *User Messaging Service Java API Reference*.

The following code snippet demonstrates how to obtain the delivery preferences for *testUser1*:

```
// Obtain a UserCommunicationPreference object
UserCommunicationPreference ucp =
UserPrefsServicesFactory.createUserCommunicationPreference();
// Set target user ID
```

```
String userId = "testUser1";
```

// Specify the Profile ID, or default id from ucp.getDefaultProfileId()
String profileId = "soa";

```
// Add all facts into Hashtable facts. Facts for Date and Time are not needed.
Map <String, String> facts = new HashMap<String, Object>();
facts.put("Application", "BPEL"); // Add application name
facts.put("Due Date", new Date()); // Use current date
facts.put("Amount", new Double("678.00")); // Set number for 678
```

// Invoke getDeliveryPreference() function with userId, profileId and facts. DeliveryPreference dp = ucp.getDeliveryPreference(userId, profileId, facts);

```
// Retrieve Action Type and delivery Channels from the returned DeliveryPreference
object.
ActionType at = dp.getActionType();//Get Action Type
Vector <DeviceAddress> channels = dp.getDevices();//Get delivery Channels
```

### 5.3 Managing Channels

UCP provides an automatic channel management feature to sync UCP repository with the Identity Store (usually, LDAP). When an email address is added to the Identity Store, an EMAIL channel corresponding to that email address is automatically created in the UCP repository. This channel is removed from the repository when the corresponding email address is deleted from the Identity Store. UCP automatically creates channels for email, IM, business, home and mobile phones. These channels are called IDM Channels.

Since these channels are automatically managed by UCP, applications must not attempt to create or remove them. Applications are allowed only to set or unset these

channels as default channels. However, applications can create, modify, or remove USER channels using APIs such as, createDeviceAddress, getDeviceAddresses, etc. A channel can be flagged as a default channel using the setDefaultChannel API.

The following code snippet demonstrates how to create a communication channel for a user, *testUser1* with a particular email address:

```
// Create an email channel for testUser1
DeviceAddress channel = ucp.createDeviceAddress("testUser1",// User ID
"myEmail",// Channel name
DeliveryType.EMAIL,// Delivery Type for email
"myemail@somecompany.com");// Email address
ucp.save(channel);// without this line, the Channel will not be persisted in UCP
repository
```

The channel name must be unique for each user. The combination of Delivery Type and Delivery Address must also be unique for each user. Following are some sample code snippets that demonstrate how to manage a channel:

```
// Set the Channel as a default Channel
ucp.setDefaultAddress("testUser1",// User ID
    "soa",// Profile ID
    channel);// Channel to be flagged
```

```
// Modify the Channel's address
channel.setAddress(newemail@somecompany.com);
ucp.save(channel); // without this line, the change will not be persisted in UCP
repository
```

```
// Remove the Channel
ucp.delete(channel);
```

## 5.4 Managing Filters

Filters are managed in a set for each profile. The following code snippet demonstrates how to create a messaging filter for a user, *testUser1* for the *soa* profile.

```
// Get, or create if not exist, user's Filter Set for Profile "soa"
FilterSet filterSet = ucp.getFilterSet("testUser1"// User ID
    "soa");// Profile ID
// Create a new Filter
Filter filter = filterSet.createFilter("Test Email Filter");// Create a new
Filter named "Test Email Filter"
filter.setConditionType(ConditionType.MATCH_ANY).// Set the Condition Type to
logical OR
// Create a new Condition
Condition condition = filter.createCondition();// Create a new Condition first
Map<String, BusinessRuleTerm> terms = ucp.getBusinessterms();
BusinessRuleTerm term = terms.get("Subject");// Business Term for "Subject"
condition.setFilterTerm(term);
condition.setTermOperation(TermOperationType.Contains);
condition.setOperandOne("approved");// Set value "approved"
ArrayList<Condition> conditions = new ArrayList<Condition>();
conditions.add(condition);
```

To deploy your application, you must reference the shared library oracle.sdp.client from your application's development descriptor. The application must be deployed in the same domain with the UCP service.

Though UCP provides Java APIs for applications to manage channels and filters, it is recommended that users manage their preferences through UCP web interface integrated in their web application using the UCP task flow library.